## Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore B. Math (Hons.) Third Year

First Semester - Combinatorics and graph theory

Back paper Exam Maximum marks: 100 Date: January 04, 2019 Duration: 3 hours

- 1. Let  $d \ge 3$  be an integer. Then show that there exists a Hadamard matrix of order d+1 iff in  $\mathbb{R}^d$  a regular simplex S can be inscribed in a hypercube C in such a way that every vertex of S is a vertex of C. [20]
- 2. Let *D* be a  $2 (v, k, \lambda)$  design with parameters  $\vartheta = \binom{k+1}{2}, \lambda = 2$ . Then show that any two distinct blocks of *D* have either 1 or 2 common points. [15]
- 3. Let  $q \equiv 7 \pmod{16}$  be a prime power, and E be the Paley-Hadamard 2-design on q points. Then show that all the odd weights occuring in the binary code of E are  $\geq \sqrt{q}$ . [20]
- 4. Let G be a finite bipartite graph with at least two vertices in each part. Suppose there is a constant  $c \ge 2$  such that any two vertices  $x \ne y$  of G at even distance have exactly c common neighbours. Let d denote the graphical distance on G.
  - (a) Count in two ways the shortest paths joining x to y to show that  $d(x, y) = 3 \Rightarrow \deg(x) = \deg(y)$ .
  - (b) Count in two ways the 4-cycles in G to show that both parts of G have the same size, say w.
  - (c) Count in two ways the paths of length 3 from x to y to show that  $d(x, y) = 1 \Rightarrow \deg(x) = \deg(y).$
  - (d) Hence show that G is regular, say of degree r.
  - (e) Count in two ways the paths of length 2 in G to show that  $w = 1 + \frac{r(r-1)}{c}$ .
  - (f) If w is even then show that r c must be a perfect square. [30]
- 5. Let H be the subgroup of order 9 in the multiplication group of the field of order 73. Show that the additive translates of H are the lines of a projective plane of order 8. [15]